# **COULTERS** ©

12 Dreghorn Loan Edinburgh EH13 0DE 13/03/2024

- 1. Single Survey
- 2. Energy Report
- 3. Property Questionnaire

## survey report on:

Property address	12 Dreghorn Loan, Redford, Edinburgh, EH13 0DE
Customer	Ms. A Davidson & Mr. A Davidson
Customer address	c/o Coulters, 19 Hope Street, EDINBURGH, EH2 4EL
Prepared by	ALLIED SURVEYORS SCOTLAND PLC
Date of inspection	5th March 2024



#### **PART 1 - GENERAL**

#### 1.1 THE SURVEYORS

The Seller has engaged the Surveyors to provide the Single Survey Report and a generic Mortgage Valuation Report for Lending Purposes. The Seller has also engaged the Surveyors to provide an Energy Report in the format prescribed by the accredited Energy Company.

The Surveyors are authorised to provide a transcript or retype of the generic Mortgage Valuation Report on to Lender specific pro-forma. Transcript reports are commonly requested by Brokers and Lenders. The transcript report will be in the format required by the Lender but will contain the same information, inspection date and valuation figure as the generic Mortgage Valuation Report and the Single Survey. The Surveyors will decline any transcript request which requires the provision of information additional to the information in the Report and the generic Mortgage Valuation Report until the Seller has conditionally accepted an offer to purchase made in writing.

Once the Seller has conditionally accepted an offer to purchase made in writing, the Purchaser's lender or conveyancer may request that the Surveyors provide general comment on standard appropriate supplementary documentation. In the event of a significant amount of documentation being provided to the Surveyors, an additional fee may be incurred by the Purchaser. Any additional fee will be agreed in writing.

If information is provided to the Surveyors during the conveyancing process which materially affects the valuation stated in the Report and generic Mortgage Valuation Report, the Surveyors reserve the right to reconsider the valuation. Where the Surveyors require to amend the valuation in consequence of such information, they will issue an amended Report and generic Mortgage Valuation Report to the Seller. It is the responsibility of the Seller to ensure that the amended Report and generic Mortgage Valuation Report are transmitted to every prospective Purchaser.

The individual Surveyor will be a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors who is competent to survey, value and report upon Residential Property<sup>1</sup>.

If the Surveyors have had a previous business relationship within the past two years with the Seller or Seller's Agent or relative to the property, they will be obliged to indicate this by ticking the adjacent box.

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The Surveyors have a written complaints handling procedure. This is available from the offices of the Surveyors at the address stated.

#### 1.2 THE REPORT

The Surveyors will not provide an amended Report on the Property, except to correct factual inaccuracies.

The Report will identify the nature and source of information relied upon in its preparation.

The Surveyor shall provide a Market Value of the Property, unless the condition of the Property is such that it would be inappropriate to do so. A final decision on whether a loan will be granted rests with the Lender who may impose retentions in line with their lending criteria. The date of condition and value of the property will be the date of inspection.

Prior to 1 December 2008, Purchasers have normally obtained their own report from their chosen Surveyor. By contrast, a Single Survey is instructed by the Seller and made available to all potential Purchasers in expectation that the successful Purchaser will have relied upon it. The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors rules require disclosure of any potential conflict of interest when acting for the Seller and the Purchaser in the same transaction. The Single Survey may give rise to a conflict of interest and if this is of concern to any party they are advised to seek their own independent advice.

The Report and any expressions or assessments in it are not intended as advice to the Seller or Purchaser or any other person in relation to an asking price or any other sales or marketing decisions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Which shall be in accordance with the current RICS Valuation Standards (The Red Book) and RICS Codes of Conduct.

The Report is based solely on the Property and is not to be relied upon in any manner whatsoever when considering the valuation or condition of any other property.

If certain minor matters are mentioned in the Report it should not be assumed that the Property is free of other minor defects.

Neither the whole nor any part of the Report may be published in any way, reproduced or distributed by any party other than the Seller, prospective purchasers and the Purchaser and their respective professional advisers without the prior written consent of the Surveyors.

#### 1.3 LIABILITY

The Report is prepared with the skill and care reasonably to be expected of a competent residential surveyor who is a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors.

The Report is addressed to the Seller and was prepared in the expectation that it (or a complete copy) along with these Terms and Conditions (or a complete copy) would (or, as the case might be, would have been) be disclosed and delivered to:

- the Seller;
- any person(s) noting an interest in purchasing the Property from the Seller;
- any person(s) who make(s) (or on whose behalf is made) an offer to purchase the Property, whether
  or not that offer is accepted by the Seller;
- the Purchaser; and
- the professional advisers of any of these.

The Surveyors acknowledge that their duty of skill and care in relation to the Report is owed to the Seller and to the Purchaser. The Surveyors accept no responsibility or liability whatsoever in relation to the Report to persons other than the Seller and the Purchaser. The Seller and Purchaser should be aware that if a Lender seeks to rely on this Report they do so at their own risk. In particular, the Surveyors accept no responsibility or liability whatsoever to any Lender in relation to the Report. Any such Lender relies upon the Report entirely at their own risk.

#### 1.4 GENERIC MORTGAGE VALUATION REPORT

The Surveyors undertake to the Seller that they will prepare a generic Mortgage Valuation Report, which will be issued along with the Single Survey. It is the responsibility of the Seller to ensure that the generic Mortgage Valuation Report is provided to every potential Purchaser.

#### 1.5 TRANSCRIPT MORTGAGE VALUATION FOR LENDING PURPOSES

The Surveyors undertake that on being asked to do so by a prospective purchaser, or his/her professional advisor or Lender, they will prepare a Transcript Mortgage Valuation Report for Lending Purposes on terms and conditions to be agreed between the Surveyors and Lender and solely for the use of the Lender and upon which the Lender may rely. The decision as to whether finance will be provided is entirely a matter for the Lender. The Transcript Mortgage Valuation Report will be prepared from information contained in the Report and the generic Mortgage Valuation Report.<sup>2</sup>

#### 1.6 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

All intellectual property rights whatsoever (including copyright) in and to the Report, excluding the headings and rubrics, are the exclusive property of the Surveyors and shall remain their exclusive property unless

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Which shall be in accordance with the current RICS Valuation Standards (The Red Book) and RICS Rules of Conduct

they assign the same to any other party in writing.

#### 1.7 PAYMENT

The Surveyors are entitled to refrain from delivering the Report to anyone until the fee and other charges for it notified to the Seller have been paid. Additional fees will be charged for subsequent inspections and Reports.

#### 1.8 CANCELLATION

The Seller will be entitled to cancel the inspection by notifying the Surveyor's office at any time before the day of the inspection.

The Surveyor will be entitled not to proceed with the inspection (and will so report promptly to the Seller) if after arriving at the property, the Surveyor concludes that it is of a type of construction of which the Surveyor has insufficient specialist knowledge to be able to provide the inspection satisfactorily. The Surveyor will also be entitled not to proceed if after arriving at the property, the surveyor concludes that the property is exempt under Part 3 of The Housing (Scotland) Act 2006 as detailed in the (Prescribed Documents) Regulations 2008. If there is a potential threat to their health or personal safety, the inspection may be postponed or cancelled, at the Surveyor's discretion.

In the case of cancellation or the inspection not proceeding, the Surveyor will refund any fees paid by the Seller for the inspection and Report, except for expenses reasonably incurred and any fee due in light of the final paragraph of this section.

In the case of cancellation by the Seller, for whatever reason, after the inspection has taken place but before a written report is issued, the Surveyor will be entitled to raise an invoice equivalent to 80% of the agreed fee.

#### 1.9 PRECEDENCE

If there is any incompatibility between these Terms and Conditions and the Report, these Terms and Conditions take precedence.

#### 1.1 DEFINITIONS

- the "Lender" is the party who has provided or intends or proposes to provide financial assistance to the Purchaser towards the purchase of the Property and in whose favour a standard security will be granted over the Property;
- the "Transcript Mortgage Valuation Report for Lending Purposes" means a separate report, prepared by the Surveyor, prepared from information in the Report and the generic Mortgage Valuation Report, but in a style and format required by the Lender. The Transcript Mortgage Valuation Report for Lending Purposes will be prepared with the skill and care reasonably to be expected from a surveyor who is a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and who is competent to survey, value and report on the Property;
- the "Generic Mortgage Valuation Report" means a separate report, prepared by the Surveyor from information in the Report but in the Surveyor's own format;
- the "Market Value" is the estimated amount for which a property should exchange on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's-length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion;
- the "Property" is the property which forms the subject of the Report;

- the "Purchaser" is the person (or persons) who enters into a contract to buy the Property from the Seller:
- a "prospective Purchaser" is anyone considering buying the Property;
- the "Report" is the report, of the kind described in Part 2 of these Terms and Conditions and in the form set out in part 1 of Schedule 1 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2006 (Prescribed Documents) Regulations 2008;
- the "Seller" is/are the proprietor(s) of the Property;
- the "Surveyor" is the author of the Report on the Property; and
- the "Surveyors" are the firm or company of which the Surveyor is an employee, director, member or partner (unless the Surveyor is not an employee, director, member or partner, when the "Surveyors" means the Surveyor) whose details are set out at the head of the Report.
- the "Energy Report" is the advice given by the accredited Energy Company, based on information collected by the Surveyor during the Inspection, and also includes an Energy Performance Certificate, in a Government approved format.

#### PART 2 - DESCRIPTION OF THE REPORT

#### 2.1 THE SERVICE

The Single Survey is a Report by an independent Surveyor, prepared in an objective way regarding the condition and value of the Property on the day of the inspection, and who is a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. It includes an Energy Report as required by Statute and this is in the format of the accredited Energy Company. In addition, the Surveyor has agreed to supply a generic Mortgage Valuation Report.

#### 2.2 THE INSPECTION

The Inspection is a general surface examination of those parts of the Property which are accessible: in other words, visible and readily available for examination from ground and floor levels, without risk of causing damage to the Property or injury to the Surveyor.

All references to visual inspection refer to an inspection from within the property at floor level and from ground level within the site and adjoining public areas, without the need to move any obstructions. Any references to left or right are taken facing the front of the property.

The Inspection is carried out with the Seller's permission, without causing damage to the building or contents. Furniture, stored items and insulation are not moved.

Unless identified in the report the Surveyor will assume that no harmful or hazardous materials have been used in the construction. The presence or possible consequences of any site contamination will not be researched.

The Surveyor will not carry out an asbestos inspection, and will not be acting as an asbestos inspector in completing a Single Survey of properties that may fall within the Control of Asbestos in the Workplace Regulations. In the case of flats it will be assumed that there is a duty holder, as defined in the Regulations and that a Register of Asbestos and effective Management Plan is in place, which does not require any expenditure, or pose a significant risk to health. No enquiry of the duty holder will be made.

#### 2.3 THE REPORT

The Report will be prepared by the Surveyor who carried out the property inspection and will describe various aspects of the property as defined by the headings of the Single Survey report with the comments being general and unbiased. The report on the location, style and condition of the property, will be concise and will be restricted to matters that could have a material effect upon value and will omit items that, in the Surveyor's opinion, are not significant. If certain minor matters are mentioned, it should not be interpreted that the property is free of any other minor defects.

Throughout the Report, the following repair categories will be used to give an overall opinion of the state of repair and condition of the property.

- 1 Category 3: Urgent repairs or replacement are needed now. Failure to deal with them may cause problems to other parts of the property or cause a safety hazard. Estimates for repairs or replacement are needed now.
- 2 Category 2: Repairs or replacement requiring future attention, but estimates are still advised.
- 3 Category 1: No immediate action or repair is needed.

**WARNING:** If left unattended, even for a relatively short period, Category 2 repairs can rapidly develop into more serious Category 3 repairs. The existence of Category 2 or Category 3 repairs may have an adverse effect on marketability, value and the sale price ultimately achieved for the property. This is particularly true during slow market conditions when the effect can be considerable.

Parts of the property, which cannot be seen or accessed, will not be reported upon and this will be stated. If the Surveyor suspects that a defect may exist within an unexposed area and which could have a material effect upon the value, he may recommend further investigation by specialist contractors.

#### 2.4 SERVICES

Surveyors are not equipped or qualified to test the services and therefore no comment can be interpreted as implying that the design, installation and function of the services are in accordance/compliance with regulations, safety and efficiency expectations. However, comment is made where there is cause to suspect significant defects or shortcomings with the installations. No tests are made of any services or appliances.

#### 2.5 ACCESSIBILITY

A section is included to help identify the basic information interested parties need to know to decide whether to view a property.

#### 2.6 ENERGY REPORT

A section is included that makes provision for an Energy Report, relative to the property. The Surveyor will collect physical data from the property and provide such data in a format required by an accredited Energy Company. The Surveyor cannot of course accept liability for any advice given by the Energy Company.

#### 2.7 VALUATION AND CONVEYANCER ISSUES

The last section of the Report contains matters considered relevant to the Conveyancer (Solicitor). It also contains the Surveyor's opinion both of the market value of the property and of the re-instatement cost, as defined below.

"Market Value" The estimated amount for which a property should exchange on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's-length transaction after proper marketing wherein

the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion. In arriving at the opinion of the Market Value the Surveyor also makes various standard assumptions covering, for example, vacant possession; tenure and other legal considerations; contamination and hazardous materials; the condition of un-inspected parts; the right to use mains services; and the exclusion of curtains, carpets etc. from the valuation. In the case of flats, the following further assumptions are made that:

- There are rights of access and exit over all communal roadways, corridors, stairways etc. and to use communal grounds, parking areas, and other facilities;
- There are no particularly troublesome or unusual legal restrictions;
- There is no current dispute between the occupiers of the flats or any outstanding claims or losses; and the costs of repairs to the building are shared among the co-proprietors on an equitable basis.

Any additional assumption, or any found not to apply, is reported.

"Re-instatement cost" is an estimate for insurance purposes of the current cost of rebuilding the Property in its present form unless otherwise stated. This includes the cost of rebuilding the garage and permanent outbuildings, site clearance and professional fees, but excludes VAT (except on the fees).

Sellers or prospective Purchasers may consider it prudent to instruct a reinspection and revaluation after a period of 12 weeks (or sooner if appropriate) to reflect changing circumstances in the market and/or in the physical condition of the Property.

#### 1. Information and scope of inspection

This section tells you about the type, accommodation, neighbourhood, age and construction of the property. It also tells you about the extent of the inspection and highlights anything that the surveyor could not inspect.

All references to visual inspection refer to an inspection from within the property without moving any obstructions and externally from ground level within the site and adjoining public areas. Any references to left or right in a description of the exterior of the property refer to the view of someone standing facing that part of the property from the outside.

The inspection is carried out without causing damage to the building or its contents and without endangering the occupiers or the surveyor. Heavy furniture, stored items and insulation are not moved. Unless identified in the report the surveyor will assume that no harmful or hazardous materials or techniques have been used in the construction. The presence or possible consequences of any site contamination will not be researched.

Services such as TV/cable connection, internet connection, swimming pools and other leisure facilities etc. will not be inspected or reported on.

Description	The property comprises a two storey semi-detached chalet villa.
Accommodation	GROUND FLOOR: entrance vestibule, hall, living room/dining room with kitchen and utility area off, one further living room/bedroom, front bedroom and WC.
	FIRST FLOOR: two bedroom, box room/study and bathroom.
Gross internal floor area (m²)	The gross internal floor area is approximately 149 sq. metres.
Neighbourhood and location	The subjects are situated to the south west side of Edinburgh's main city centre, in a mostly residential area where a number of the surrounding properties are of a similar age, type and character. All normal local amenities and facilities are available and within fairly easy reach.
Age	The age of the property is approximately 130 years.
Weather	It was dry and sunny on the day of inspection.
Chimney stacks	Visually inspected with the aid of binoculars where appropriate.
	The chimney stacks pertaining to the subject building are constructed in solid stone.
Roofing including roof space	Sloping roofs were visually inspected with the aid of
	binoculars where appropriate.  Flat roofs were visually inspected from vantage points within
	the property and where safe and reasonable to do so from a 3m ladder externally.
	Roof spaces were visually inspected and were entered where there was safe and reasonable access, normally defined as being from a 3m ladder within the property.

Roofing including roof space	If this is not possible, then physical access to the roof space may be taken by other means if the Surveyor deems it safe and reasonable to do so.
	The roof to the property is mostly pitched and slated, incorporating galvanized valleys and ridges. There is a flat felt platform, which could not be inspected from ground level. Only the edges of the flat roof surface were visible.
	There was no available access into any roof void. The cold water tank is located in a hatch in the bathroom and there is a hatch in the first floor landing cupboard, which was screwed shut and is understood to house the central heating header tank.
Rainwater fittings	Visually inspected with the aid of binoculars where appropriate.
	The gutters and downpipes are cast iron.
Main walls	Visually inspected with the aid of binoculars where
mani wano	appropriate.
	Foundations and concealed parts were not exposed or inspected.
	The main walls are of traditional solid sandstone construction.
Windows, external doors and joinery	Internal and external doors were opened and closed where keys were available.
	Random windows were opened and closed where possible.
	Doors and windows were not forced open.
	The windows are mostly timber sash and case single glazed design. There are timber pivot single glazed windows in the ground floor rear outshoot. There is also a PVC framed pivot double glazed window in the first floor box room/study and there is a timber framed double glazed velux window in the bathroom.
	The front door to the property is timber. The rear door is timber with a glazed panel.
External decorations	Visually inspected.
	There is a painted finish to any external timbers and to cast iron gutters and downpipes.
Conservatories / porches	None.

Communal areas	N/A
Garages and permanent outbuildings	None.
Outside areas and boundaries	Visually inspected.
	There is private garden ground to the front and rear of the property, including a driveway to the front which provides off-street parking.
	The main boundaries are solid stone walls.
Ceilings	Visually inspected from floor level.
	The ceilings within the property are a mix of plasterboard or lath and plaster.
Internal walls	Visually inspected from floor level.
	Using a moisture meter, walls were randomly tested for dampness where considered appropriate.
	The internal walls are a mix of plaster on the hard and lath and plaster.
Floors including sub floors	Surfaces of exposed floors were visually inspected. No carpets or floor coverings were lifted.
	Sub-floor areas were inspected only to the extent visible from a readily accessible and unfixed hatch by way of an inverted "head and shoulders" inspection at the access point.
	Physical access to the sub floor area may be taken if the Surveyor deems it is safe and reasonable to do so, and subject to a minimum clearance of 1m between the underside of floor joists and the solum as determined from the access hatch.
	The flooring is mostly of suspended timber construction, with assumed solid concrete flooring in the rear outshoot. The floors were mostly covered and the surfaces could not be inspected.
	There was no available access into any sub-floor area on the day of inspection.
Internal joinery and kitchen fittings	Built-in cupboards were looked into but no stored items were moved.
	Kitchen units were visually inspected excluding appliances.
	The woodwork within the house is in keeping with the age and style of the property and the internal doors are mostly timber, with a glazed panel to the entrance vestibule door.
	The kitchen comprises fitted floor and wall units with work surface and tiled splashback. The units also incorporate a stainless steel sink.

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Chimney breasts and fireplaces	Visually inspected.
	No testing of the flues or fittings was carried out.
	There is a convector style gas fire over the fireplace in the dining room. The remaining fireplaces have been temporarily blocked. The chimney breasts have not been inspected.
Internal decorations	Visually inspected.
	The internal decoration has a mostly papered and painted finish.
Cellars	None.
Electricity	Accessible parts of the wiring were visually inspected without removing fittings. No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances. Visual inspection does not assess any services to make sure they work properly and efficiently and meet modern standards. If any services are turned off, the surveyor will state that in the report and will not turn them on.
	Electricity is from the mains supply.
	The electrical distribution board has circuit breakers and is located in the entrance vestibule, alongside the electric meter.
Gas	Accessible parts of the system were visually inspected without removing fittings. No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances. Visual inspection does not assess any services to make sure they work properly and efficiently and meet modern standards. If any services are turned off, the surveyor will state that in the report and will not turn them on.
	Gas is from the mains supply.
	The gas meter is located externally to the front of the property and has not been inspected.
Water, plumbing, bathroom fittings	Visual inspection of the accessible pipework, water tanks, cylinders and fittings without removing any insulation.
	No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances.
	Water is from the mains supply.
	The majority of plumbing, where visible, is a mixture of copper and PVC. Some lead pipes were noted attached to the ground floor
	WC and also adjacent to the PVC cold water tank at first floor level.
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#### Heating and hot water

Accessible parts of the system were visually inspected apart from communal systems, which were not inspected.

No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances.

Hot water is provided from the gas fired central heating boiler, through the foam insulated hot water cylinder. The hot water cylinder is fitted with an immersion and a thermostat and is located in the bathroom.

The central heating boiler is wall mounted and located in the utility room. The central heating boiler also provides the hot water for radiators in the property. The programmer for the system is located in the utility room and there is a wall fitted thermostat in the hall.

#### **Drainage**

Drainage covers etc were not lifted.

Neither drains nor drainage systems were tested.

Foul and storm drainage are assumed to be connected to the main public sewer.

#### Fire, smoke and burglar alarms

Visually inspected.

No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances.

There is now a requirement in place for compliant interlinked fire, smoke and heat detectors in residential properties. The new fire smoke and alarm standard came into force in Scotland in February 2022, requiring a smoke alarm to be installed in the room most frequently used for living purposes and in every circulation space on each floor. A heat alarm also requires to be installed in each kitchen. The alarms need to be ceiling mounted and interlinked. Where there is a carbon fuelled appliance such as a boiler, open fire or wood burner etc. a carbon monoxide detector is also required.

#### Any additional limits to inspection

It will be appreciated that parts of the property, which are covered, unexposed or inaccessible, cannot be guaranteed to be free from defect. This report does not constitute a full and detailed description of the property and a structural investigation was not carried out. No inspection was undertaken of woodwork or other parts of the structure which are covered, unexposed or otherwise inaccessible and as a result no guarantee can be given that such parts of the structure are free from rot, beetle or other defects.

No removal of internal linings has been carried out in order to ascertain the condition of hidden parts and no warranty can be given regarding the areas not specifically referred to in this report.

The external building fabric has been inspected from ground level only from the subjects grounds and where possible from adjoining public property. Exposure work has not been carried out. The roof structure was not inspected from within any roof void. Stored items and insulation have not been moved.

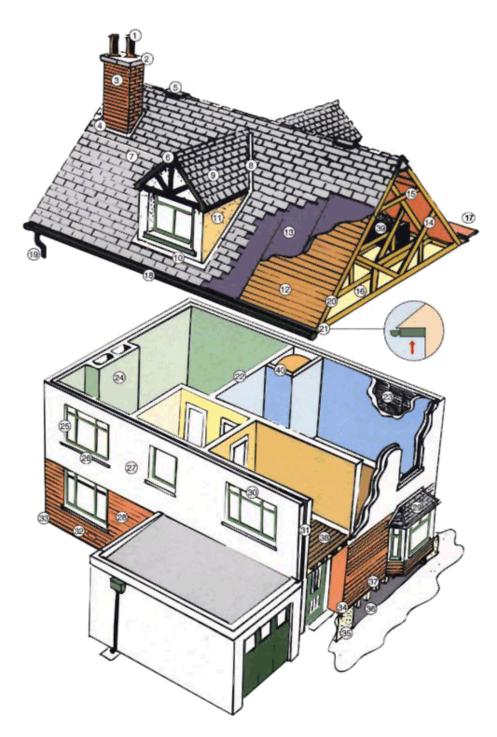
Some materials used in the building and maintenance industry until 1999 contain asbestos. Asbestos fibres released into the air, and which are breathed in, are dangerous to health. Decorative

#### Any additional limits to inspection

finishes in common use in the period from about 1950 to about 1985 included artex, used as a coating on ceilings and sometimes walls. Older artex can contain asbestos and if sanding or removal of this material is intended, then appropriate precautions should be taken, if necessary, with advice from the Environmental Health Department of the Local Authority.

An inspection for Japanese Knotweed was not carried out. This is a plant which is subject to controlled regulation, is considered to be invasive and one which can render a property unsuitable for some mortgage lenders. It is therefore assumed that there is no Japanese Knotweed within the boundaries of the property or its neighbouring property. Identification of Japanese Knotweed is best undertaken by a specialist contractor. If it exists, removal must be undertaken in a controlled manner by a specialist contractor. This can prove to be expensive.

### Sectional Diagram showing elements of a typical house



Reference may be made in this report to some or all of the above component parts of the property. This diagram may assist you in locating and understanding these items.

- 1) Chimney pots
- 2) Coping stone
- 3) Chimney head
- 4 Flashing
- 5 Ridge ventilation
- 6 Ridge board
- 7) Slates / tiles
- 8 Valley guttering
- 9 Dormer projection
- 10 Dormer flashing
- 11) Dormer cheeks
- 12) Sarking
- (13) Roof felt
- (14) Trusses
- (15) Collar
- 16) Insulation
- (17) Parapet gutter
- (18) Eaves guttering
- (19) Rainwater downpipe
- 20) Verge boards/skews
- 21) Soffit boards
- 22) Partition wall
- 23) Lath / plaster
- 24) Chimney breast
- (25) Window pointing
- 6) Window sills
- 27) Rendering
- (28) Brickwork / pointing
- 29) Bay window projection
- 30 Lintels
- (31) Cavity walls / wall ties
- 32) Subfloor ventilator
- 33) Damp proof course
- 34) Base course
- 35) Foundations
- (36) Solum
- 37) Floor joists
- 38) Floorboards
- (39) Water tank
- 40) Hot water tank

### 2. Condition

This section identifies problems and tells you about the urgency of any repairs by using one of the following three categories:

Category 3	Category 2	Category 1
Urgent repairs or replacement are needed now. Failure to deal with them may cause problems to other parts of the property or cause a safety hazard. Estimates for repairs or replacement are needed now.	Repairs or replacement requiring future attention, but estimates are still advised.	No immediate action or repair is needed.

Structural movement	
Repair category	1
Notes	Some indications of structural movement are evident in the form of localised distortion to external stonework. On the basis of a single inspection, the indications are that this is of a longstanding nature and is unlikely to recur.

Dampness, rot and infestation	
Repair category	2
Notes	There are localised damp readings noted to lower walls at ground floor level, with particular regard to areas adjacent to the fireplace in the rear living room and part of the rear wall in the dining room. There is also dampness noted in the rear outshoot.
	Further damp readings are noted to the inner upper wall of the first floor study/box room and to the gable end wall below the coombed ceiling in the first floor rear bedroom cupboard.
	There are further localised areas of staining to ceilings and walls at ground floor and first floor. These areas were tested, where possible, on the day of inspection and found to be dry.
	There is evidence of some localised woodworm to the timbers in the cold water tank hatch.
	The property will require to be checked by a suitably qualified specialist contractor and any advice given acted upon.

Chimney stacks	
Repair category	1
Notes	There is localised weathering stonework and some of the chimney stacks are slightly misaligned. Normal maintenance should be anticipated.

Roofing including roof space	
Repair category	2
Notes	There are a few loose or broken slates visible and there is wear evident to the cement mortar skews.
	The flat roof surface could not be inspected, although the edges appear dated and worn.
	On-going maintenance should be anticipated to any roof coverings of this age and type and it should be understood that flat roof surfaces generally have a more limited lifespan and can fail without warning.
	Roofs are prone to water penetration during adverse weather, but it is not always possible for surveyors to identify this likelihood in good or dry weather. All roofs should be inspected and repaired by reputable tradesmen on an annual basis and especially after storms.

Rainwater fittings	
Repair category	2
Notes	There were no significant defects noted on the day of inspection, although there is a climbing plant to the rear and the gutter will require to be kept clear of vegetation. The rainwater fittings should be monitored in wet weather conditions.

Main walls	
Repair category	2
Notes	There is some weathering and wear noted to the stonework and pointing, particularly to areas around the rear outshoot and adjacent rear wall. There is further weathering adjacent to the front door and to some of the sills.  There was some vegetation growth noted from the gable end and front wall.

Windows, external doors and joinery	
Repair category	2
Notes	The windows appear to be of a slightly mixed age and some of the sash and case windows are paint jammed closed. On-going maintenance will be required to windows of this age and type.  Whilst there were no further obvious defects on the date of our inspection, it should be appreciated that double-glazed sealed units do have a limited life expectancy and defective seals can lead to condensation between the panes, necessitating in replacement of the units. This can sometimes only be obvious
	Whilst there were no further obvious defects on the date of our inspection, it should be appreciated that double-glazed sealed units do have a limited life expectancy and defective seals can lead to condensation between the panes,

External decorations	
Repair category	1
Notes	There is some blistering paintwork and corrosion noted externally. There is also some slight decay noted to the doorframe adjacent to the rear door.
	On-going renewal should be anticipated to any external paintwork.

Conservatories/porches	
Repair category	-
Notes	N/A

Communal areas	
Repair category	-
Notes	N/A

Garages and permanent outbuildings	
Repair category	-
Notes	N/A

Outside areas and boundaries	
Repair category	2
Notes	There is some wear and vegetation growth noted to sections of the boundary walls.

Ceilings	
Repair category	1
Notes	Localised plaster cracking is evident.

Internal walls	
Repair category	2
Notes	There will be some plaster repairs required to sections of the wall finishes, including adjacent to the fireplace in the ground floor rear living room and at the rear first floor bedroom cupboard.

Floors including sub-floors	
Repair category	1
Notes	No significant defects were noted in the visible areas inspected.

Internal joinery and kitchen fittings	
Repair category	2
Notes	The kitchen units are dated and there is some slight wear evident.  The remaining internal joinery finish generally appeared to be satisfactory condition, with only normal evidence of wear and tear.

Chimney breasts and fireplaces	
Repair category	1
Notes	No visible defects were noted, although as mentioned the chimney breasts were all blocked and could not be inspected.

Internal decorations	
Repair category	2
Notes	The internal decoration will generally require an overhaul. A number of plaster repairs will be required to the walls and ceilings prior to any future redecoration.

Cellars	
Repair category	-
Notes	N/A

Electricity	
Repair category	2
Notes	At the distribution board there are circuit breakers and there are 13 amp sockets throughout the property.
	The sockets are of a mixed age with a number dated and situated on the skirting boards.
	The lighting within the property is also of a mixed age with some localised conduit metal cabling and corded light cables.
	The trade bodies governing electrical installations currently advise that these should be tested prior to a change of occupancy and, thereafter, at least once every five years, by a competent Electrician.

Gas	
Repair category	1
Notes	The trade bodies governing gas installations currently advise that these should be tested prior to a change of occupancy and, thereafter, at least once per year, by a Gas Safe Registered Contractor.

F Water, plumbing and bathroom fittings			
Repair category	2		
Notes	The bathroom suite is dated, as is the WC in the cloakroom. The WC in the cloakroom was drained down.		
	There is a lead pipe evident adjacent to the cold water tank in the hatch in the bathroom. There is further lead plumbing attached to the ground floor WC.		
	A general upgrade of the sanitary fittings will be required.		

Heating and hot water			
Repair category	2		
Notes	The radiators are now dated and are not fitted with individual thermostats. The wall fitted thermostat in the hall is also dated. The gas fire in the dining room is dated.  As a matter of routine, the central heating system and gas fire should be tested by an engineer on the Gas Safe Register, any advice acted upon and thereafter maintained on an annual gas contract.		

Drainage	
Repair category	1
Notes	At the time of our inspection, we did not lift any drainage inspection covers or carry out any drainage tests and we cannot therefore comment with any authority on the condition of the drainage system. We would add that there was no evidence on the surface to suggest any major problems in this connection, but if you wish further investigations undertaken, then a competent plumber should be instructed.

Set out below is a summary of the condition of the property which is provided for reference only. You should refer to the previous comments for detailed information.

Structural movement	1
Dampness, rot and infestation	2
Chimney stacks	1
Roofing including roof space	2
Rainwater fittings	2
Main walls	2
Windows, external doors and joinery	2
External decorations	1
Conservatories/porches	-
Communal areas	-
Garages and permanent outbuildings	-
Outside areas and boundaries	2
Ceilings	1
Internal walls	2
Floors including sub-floors	1
Internal joinery and kitchen fittings	2
Chimney breasts and fireplaces	1
Internal decorations	2
Cellars	-
Electricity	2
Gas	1
Water, plumbing and bathroom fittings	2
Heating and hot water	2
Drainage	1

#### **Category 3**

Urgent repairs or replacement are needed now. Failure to deal with them may cause problems to other parts of the property or cause a safety hazard. Estimates for repairs or replacement are needed now.

#### Category 2

Repairs or replacement requiring future attention, but estimates are still advised.

#### Category 1

No immediate action or repair is needed.

#### Remember

The cost of repairs may influence the amount someone is prepared to pay for the property. We recommend that relevant estimates and reports are obtained in your own name.

#### Warning

If left unattended, even for a relatively short period, Category 2 repairs can rapidly develop into more serious Category 3 repairs. The existence of Category 2 or Category 3 repairs may have an adverse effect on marketability, value and the sale price ultimately achieved for the property. This is particularly true during slow market conditions where the effect can be considerable.

#### 3. Accessibility information

#### Guidance notes on accessibility information

Three steps or fewer to a main entrance door of the property:

In flatted developments the 'main entrance' would be the flat's own entrance door, not the external door to the communal stair. The 'three steps or fewer' are counted from external ground level to the flat's entrance door. Where a lift is present, the count is based on the number of steps climbed when using the lift.

Unrestricted parking within 25 metres:

For this purpose, 'Unrestricted parking' includes parking available by means of a parking permit. Restricted parking includes parking that is subject to parking restrictions, as indicated by the presence of solid yellow, red or white lines at the edge of the road or by a parking control sign, parking meters or other coin-operated machines.

1. Which floor(s) is the living accommodation on?	Ground & First
2. Are there three steps or fewer to a main entrance door of the property?	Yes X No
3. Is there a lift to the main entrance door of the property?	Yes No X
4. Are all door openings greater than 750mm?	Yes No X
5. Is there a toilet on the same level as the living room and kitchen?	Yes X No
6. Is there a toilet on the same level as a bedroom?	Yes X No
7. Are all rooms on the same level with no internal steps or stairs?	Yes No X
8. Is there unrestricted parking within 25 metres of an entrance door to the building?	Yes X No

#### 4. Valuation and conveyancer issues

This section highlights information that should be checked with a solicitor or licensed conveyancer. It also gives an opinion of market value and an estimated reinstatement cost for insurance purposes.

#### Matters for a solicitor or licensed conveyancer

There is no evidence of any recent or significant alterations having been carried out to the property.

Normal maintenance is not treated as a repair for the purposes of the Single Survey. When a Category 1 rating is used this means that the building must continue to be maintained in the normal way. It is recommended that where repairs, defects or maintenance items have been identified within this report, that interested parties make appropriate enquiries in order to satisfy themselves of potential costs or the extent of works required prior to submitting a legal offer to purchase.

#### Estimated reinstatement cost for insurance purposes

The estimated reinstatement cost for insurance purposes is £600,000 (SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS).

This figure is an opinion of an appropriate sum for which the property and substantial outbuildings should be insured against total destruction, on a reinstatement basis, assuming reconstruction of the property in its existing design and materials. Finishings and fittings have not been included. No allowance has been included for inflation during the insurance period or during reconstruction and no allowance has been made for VAT, other than on professional fees. Further discussion with your insurers is advised. The figure should be reviewed annually and, in light of any future alterations or additions. Building costs are currently increasing significantly above inflation due to material and labour shortages as well as Brexit and the Pandemic. It is recommended that you update this figure regularly to ensure that you have adequate cover or alternatively seek specialist advice from your insurer.

#### Valuation and market comments

The market value of the property described in the report is £650,000 (SIX HUNDRED & FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS).

This figure assumes vacant possession and that the property is unaffected by any adverse planning proposals, onerous burdens, title restrictions or servitude rights.

This is a replacement single survey, the original having been carried out on 26th September 2023.

Signed	Security Print Code [557995 = 7487 ] Electronically signed				
Report author	Martin Paul				
Company name	ALLIED SURVEYORS SCOTLAND PLC				
Address	22-24 Walker Street, Edinburgh, EH3 7HR				

Date of report	13th March 2024



Property Address							
Address 12 Dreghorn Loan, Redford, Edinburgh, EH13 0DE Seller's Name Ms. A Davidson & Mr. A Davidson Date of Inspection 5th March 2024							
<b>Property Details</b>							
Property Type	X House       Bungalow       Purpose built maisonette       Converted maisonette         Purpose built flat       Converted flat       Flat over non-residential use         Other (specify in General Remarks)						
Property Style	□ Detached       X Semi detached       □ Mid terrace       □ End terrace         □ Back to back       □ High rise block       □ Low rise block       □ Other (specify in General Remarks)						
Does the surveyor be e.g. local authority, m	elieve that the property was built for the public sector, Yes X No nilitary, police?						
Flats/Maisonettes onl	y Floor(s) on which located No. of floors in block Lift provided? Yes No						
Approximate Year of							
Tenure							
X Absolute Ownership	Leasehold Ground rent £ Unexpired years						
Accommodation							
Number of Rooms	2 Living room(s) 3 Bedroom(s) 1 Kitchen(s)  1 Bathroom(s) 2 WC(s) 0 Other (Specify in General remarks)						
Gross Floor Area (ex	cluding garages and outbuildings) [149] m² (Internal) [164] m² (External)						
Residential Element (	(greater than 40%) X Yes No						
Garage / Parking /	Outbuildings						
Single garage Available on site?	□ Double garage       ▼ Parking space       □ No garage / garage space / parking space         ▼ Yes       No						
Permanent outbuildin	gs:						
None.							

Construction								
Walls	Brick	X Stone	Concrete	Timber frame	Other	(specify in Gen	eral Remarks)	
Roof	Tile	Slate	Asphalt	Felt	X Other	X Other (specify in General Remarks		
Special Risks								
Has the property suf	fered structu	al movement?				X Yes	No	
If Yes, is this recent	or progressiv	e?				Yes	X No	
Is there evidence, his immediate vicinity?	story, or reas	on to anticipate	e subsidence,	heave, landslip o	r flood in the	Yes	X No	
If Yes to any of the a	bove, provid	e details in Ge	neral Remarks	S.				
Service Connection	on							
Based on visual insp of the supply in Gen			appear to be ı	non-mains, please	e comment or	n the type ar	nd location	
Drainage	Mains	Private	None	Water	X Mains	Private	None	
Electricity	Mains	Private	None	Gas	X Mains	Private	None	
Central Heating	Yes	Partial	None					
Brief description of C	Central Heatir	ıg:						
Gas fired boiler to	radiators.							
Site								
Apparent legal issue	s to be verifie	nd by the conve	avancer Pleas	so provide a brief	description in	Conoral P	amarke	
Rights of way	Shared drives		•	amenities on separate		ed service conn		
Ill-defined boundaries	_		Ü	n property			neral Remarks)	
Location								
Residential suburb	X Resid	ential within town /	city Mixed	d residential / commerc	cial Mainly	y commercial		
Commuter village	Remo	te village	Isolat	ed rural property	Other	(specify in Ge	neral Remarks)	
Planning Issues								
Has the property been extended / converted / altered? Yes X No								
If Yes provide details in General Remarks.								
Roads								
X Made up road	Unmade road	Partly com	pleted new road	Pedestrian ad	ccess only	Adopted	Unadopted	

General Remarks
On-going maintenance should be anticipated to the external fabric of any building of this age and type. The roof is mostly pitched and slated with a flat, assumed felt, platform.
At the time of inspection, the property was found to require general modernisation and upgrading of fittings and services throughout. This has been considered in our valuation figure.
There are areas of dampness noted at ground and first floor levels of the property. There is also some woodworm noted in the cold water tank hatch. The property should be checked by a suitably qualified specialist contractor and any advice given acted upon.
Some indications of structural movement are evident in the form of localised distortion to external stonework. On the basis of a single inspection, the indications are that this is of a longstanding nature and is unlikely to recur.
Essential Repairs
None.
Estimated cost of essential repairs £ Retention recommended? Yes No Amount £

uitable security for normal lending purposes although as lender's required ur mortgage provider that the property meets their lending criteria.	ments differ
dition of essential repairs ue ebuilding, site clearance, professional fees, ancillary charges plus VAT) e of monthly rental income for the property assuming a letting on a 6	£ 650,000 £ 600,000 Yes X No
ere there is a steady demand for rented accommodation of this type?	Yes No
Security Print Code [557995 = 7487 ] Electronically signed by:- Martin Paul BSc MRICS ALLIED SURVEYORS SCOTLAND PLC 22-24 Walker Street, Edinburgh, EH3 7HR 0131 226 6518 0131 220 6445	
	of essential repairs le ebuilding, site clearance, professional fees, ancillary charges plus VAT) e of monthly rental income for the property assuming a letting on a 6 cy basis? ere there is a steady demand for rented accommodation of this type?  Security Print Code [557995 = 7487] Electronically signed by:- Martin Paul BSc MRICS ALLIED SURVEYORS SCOTLAND PLC 22-24 Walker Street, Edinburgh, EH3 7HR 0131 226 6518

## **Energy Performance Certificate (EPC)**

**Dwellings** 

## **Scotland**

#### 12 DREGHORN LOAN, REDFORD, EDINBURGH, EH13 0DE

Dwelling type: Semi-detached house
Date of assessment: 26 September 2023
Date of certificate: 26 September 2023

**Total floor area:** 149 m<sup>2</sup>

Primary Energy Indicator: 502 kWh/m²/year

**Reference number:** 0122-2436-6413-2527-2815 **Type of assessment:** RdSAP, existing dwelling

**Approved Organisation:** Elmhurst

**Main heating and fuel:** Boiler and radiators, mains

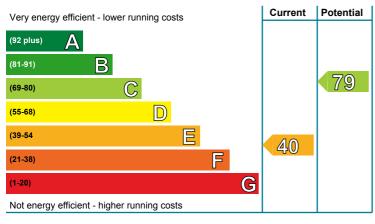
gas

#### You can use this document to:

- . Compare current ratings of properties to see which are more energy efficient and environmentally friendly
- Find out how to save energy and money and also reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by improving your home

Estimated energy costs for your home for 3 years*	£19,422	See your recommendations
Over 3 years you could save*	£10,728	report for more information

<sup>\*</sup> based upon the cost of energy for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation, calculated using standard assumptions

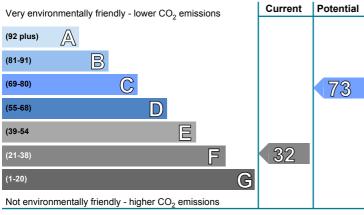


### **Energy Efficiency Rating**

This graph shows the current efficiency of your home, taking into account both energy efficiency and fuel costs. The higher this rating, the lower your fuel bills are likely to be.

Your current rating is **band E (40)**. The average rating for EPCs in Scotland is **band D (61)**.

The potential rating shows the effect of undertaking all of the improvement measures listed within your recommendations report.



### **Environmental Impact (CO<sub>2</sub>) Rating**

This graph shows the effect of your home on the environment in terms of carbon dioxide  $(CO_2)$  emissions. The higher the rating, the less impact it has on the environment.

Your current rating is **band F (32)**. The average rating for EPCs in Scotland is **band D (59)**.

The potential rating shows the effect of undertaking all of the improvement measures listed within your recommendations report.

### Top actions you can take to save money and make your home more efficient

Recommended measures	Indicative cost	Typical savings over 3 years
1 Room-in-roof insulation	£1,500 - £2,700	£4281.00
2 Internal or external wall insulation	£4,000 - £14,000	£1917.00
3 Floor insulation (suspended floor)	£800 - £1,200	£927.00

A full list of recommended improvement measures for your home, together with more information on potential cost and savings and advice to help you carry out improvements can be found in your recommendations report.

To find out more about the recommended measures and other actions you could take today to stop wasting energy and money, visit greenerscotland.org or contact Home Energy Scotland on 0808 808 2282.

THIS PAGE IS THE ENERGY PERFORMANCE CERTIFICATE WHICH MUST BE AFFIXED TO THE DWELLING AND NOT BE REMOVED UNLESS IT IS REPLACED WITH AN UPDATED CERTIFICATE

### Summary of the energy performance related features of this home

This table sets out the results of the survey which lists the current energy-related features of this home. Each element is assessed by the national calculation methodology; 1 star = very poor (least efficient), 2 stars = poor, 3 stars = average, 4 stars = good and 5 stars = very good (most efficient). The assessment does not take into consideration the condition of an element and how well it is working. 'Assumed' means that the insulation could not be inspected and an assumption has been made in the methodology, based on age and type of construction.

Element	Description	Energy Efficiency	Environmental
Walls	Sandstone or limestone, as built, no insulation (assumed)	***	***
Roof	Pitched, no insulation (assumed) Roof room(s), no insulation (assumed)	<ul><li>★☆☆☆☆</li><li>★☆☆☆☆</li></ul>	★☆☆☆☆ ★☆☆☆☆
Floor	Suspended, no insulation (assumed) Solid, no insulation (assumed)	_ _	_ _
Windows	Some double glazing	<b>★</b> ☆☆☆	****
Main heating	Boiler and radiators, mains gas	****	<b>★★★</b> ☆
Main heating controls	Programmer and room thermostat	***	<b>★★★☆☆</b>
Secondary heating	Room heaters, mains gas	_	_
Hot water	From main system	****	<b>★★★</b> ☆
Lighting	Low energy lighting in 46% of fixed outlets	***	***

#### The energy efficiency rating of your home

Your Energy Efficiency Rating is calculated using the standard UK methodology, RdSAP. This calculates energy used for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation and then applies fuel costs to that energy use to give an overall rating for your home. The rating is given on a scale of 1 to 100. Other than the cost of fuel for electrical appliances and for cooking, a building with a rating of 100 would cost almost nothing to run.

As we all use our homes in different ways, the energy rating is calculated using standard occupancy assumptions which may be different from the way you use it. The rating also uses national weather information to allow comparison between buildings in different parts of Scotland. However, to make information more relevant to your home, local weather data is used to calculate your energy use, CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, running costs and the savings possible from making improvements.

### The impact of your home on the environment

One of the biggest contributors to global warming is carbon dioxide. The energy we use for heating, lighting and power in our homes produces over a quarter of the UK's carbon dioxide emissions. Different fuels produce different amounts of carbon dioxide for every kilowatt hour (kWh) of energy used. The Environmental Impact Rating of your home is calculated by applying these 'carbon factors' for the fuels you use to your overall energy use.

The calculated emissions for your home are 89 kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>/yr.

The average Scottish household produces about 6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Based on this assessment, heating and lighting this home currently produces approximately 13 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Adopting recommendations in this report can reduce emissions and protect the environment. If you were to install all of these recommendations this could reduce emissions by 8.2 tonnes per year. You could reduce emissions even more by switching to renewable energy sources.

### Estimated energy costs for this home

	Current energy costs	Potential energy costs	Potential future savings
Heating	£17,346 over 3 years	£7,533 over 3 years	
Hot water	£1,212 over 3 years	£588 over 3 years	You could
Lighting	£864 over 3 years	£573 over 3 years	save £10,728
Totals	£19,422	£8,694	over 3 years

These figures show how much the average household would spend in this property for heating, lighting and hot water. This excludes energy use for running appliances such as TVs, computers and cookers, and the benefits of any electricity generated by this home (for example, from photovoltaic panels). The potential savings in energy costs show the effect of undertaking all of the recommended measures listed below.

#### **Recommendations for improvement**

The measures below will improve the energy and environmental performance of this dwelling. The performance ratings after improvements listed below are cumulative; that is, they assume the improvements have been installed in the order that they appear in the table. Further information about the recommended measures and other simple actions to take today to save money is available from the Home Energy Scotland hotline which can be contacted on 0808 808 2282. Before carrying out work, make sure that the appropriate permissions are obtained, where necessary. This may include permission from a landlord (if you are a tenant) or the need to get a Building Warrant for certain types of work.

Recommended measures		Indicative cost	Typical saving	Rating after improvement	
		indicative cost	per year	Energy	Environment
1	Room-in-roof insulation	£1,500 - £2,700	£1427	E 52	E 43
2	Internal or external wall insulation	£4,000 - £14,000	£639	D 58	E 49
3	Floor insulation (suspended floor)	£800 - £1,200	£309	D 61	E 52
4	Draughtproofing	£80 - £120	£201	D 62	E 54
5	Low energy lighting for all fixed outlets	£35	£83	D 63	E 54
6	Upgrade heating controls	£350 - £450	£160	D 65	D 56
7	Replace boiler with new condensing boiler	£2,200 - £3,000	£367	D 68	D 61
8	Solar water heating	£4,000 - £6,000	£105	C 69	D 63
9	Replace single glazed windows with low- E double glazed windows	£3,300 - £6,500	£287	C 72	D 67
10	Solar photovoltaic panels, 2.5 kWp	£3,500 - £5,500	£611	(C 79	C 73

#### **Alternative measures**

There are alternative improvement measures which you could also consider for your home. It would be advisable to seek further advice and illustration of the benefits and costs of such measures.

Micro CHP

### Choosing the right improvement package

For free and impartial advice on choosing suitable measures for your property, contact the Home Energy Scotland hotline on 0808 808 2282 or go to www.greenerscotland.org.



#### About the recommended measures to improve your home's performance rating

This section offers additional information and advice on the recommended improvement measures for your home

#### 1 Room-in-roof insulation

Insulating roof rooms will significantly reduce heat loss; this will improve levels of comfort, reduce energy use and lower fuel bills. If it has a flat ceiling insulation can usually be added above the ceiling, and sloping ceilings and walls of roof rooms can be insulated using an internal lining board. Roof voids must have adequate ventilation to prevent dampness; seek advice about this if unsure. Further information about roof room insulation and details of local contractors can be obtained from the National Insulation Association (www.nationalinsulationassociation.org.uk). Building regulations generally apply to this work so it is best to check this with your local authority building standards department.

#### 2 Internal or external wall insulation

Internal or external wall insulation involves adding a layer of insulation to either the inside or the outside surface of the external walls, which reduces heat loss and lowers fuel bills. As it is more expensive than cavity wall insulation it is only recommended for walls without a cavity, or where for technical reasons a cavity cannot be filled. Internal insulation, known as dry-lining, is where a layer of insulation is fixed to the inside surface of external walls; this type of insulation is best applied when rooms require redecorating. External solid wall insulation is the application of an insulant and a weather-protective finish to the outside of the wall. This may improve the look of the home, particularly where existing brickwork or rendering is poor, and will provide long-lasting weather protection. Further information can be obtained from the National Insulation Association (www.nationalinsulationassociation.org.uk). It should be noted that a building warrant is required for the installation of external wall insulation. Planning permission may also be required and that building regulations apply to external insulation so it is best to check with your local authority on both issues.

#### 3 Floor insulation (suspended floor)

Insulation of a floor will significantly reduce heat loss; this will improve levels of comfort, reduce energy use and lower fuel bills. Suspended floors can often be insulated from below but must have adequate ventilation to prevent dampness; seek advice about this if unsure. Further information about floor insulation is available from many sources including www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/scotland/Insulation/Floor-insulation. Building regulations generally apply to this work so it is best to check with your local authority building standards department.

#### 4 Draughtproofing

Fitting draughtproofing, strips of insulation around windows and doors, will improve the comfort in the home. A contractor can be employed but draughtproofing can be installed by a competent DIY enthusiast.

#### 5 Low energy lighting

Replacement of traditional light bulbs with energy saving bulbs will reduce lighting costs over the lifetime of the bulb, and they last many times longer than ordinary light bulbs. Low energy lamps and fittings are now commonplace and readily available. Information on energy efficiency lighting can be found from a wide range of organisations, including the Energy Saving Trust (http://www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/home-energy-efficiency/lighting).

#### 6 Heating controls (thermostatic radiator valves)

Thermostatic radiator valves allow the temperature of each room to be controlled to suit individual needs, adding to comfort and reducing heating bills provided internal doors are kept closed. For example, they can be set to be warmer in the living room and bathroom than in the bedrooms. Ask a competent heating engineer to install thermostatic radiator valves. Thermostatic radiator valves should be fitted to every radiator except the radiator in the same room as the room thermostati. Remember the room thermostat is needed as well as the thermostatic radiator valves, to enable the boiler to switch off when no heat is required. Building regulations generally apply to this work, so it is best to check with your local authority building standards department and seek advice from a qualified heating engineer.

#### 7 Condensing boiler

A condensing boiler is capable of much higher efficiencies than other types of boiler, meaning it will burn less fuel to heat this property. This improvement is most appropriate when the existing central heating boiler needs repair or replacement, however there may be exceptional circumstances making this impractical. Condensing boilers need a drain for the condensate which limits their location; remember this when considering remodelling the room containing the existing boiler even if the latter is to be retained for the time being (for example a kitchen makeover). Building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check with your local authority building standards department and seek advice from a qualified heating engineer.

#### 8 Solar water heating

A solar water heating panel, usually fixed to the roof, uses the sun to pre-heat the hot water supply. This can significantly reduce the demand on the heating system to provide hot water and hence save fuel and money. Planning permission might be required, building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check these with your local authority. You could be eligible for Renewable Heat Incentive payments which could appreciably increase the savings beyond those shown on your EPC, provided that both the product and the installer are certified by the Microgeneration Certification Scheme (or equivalent). Details of local MCS installers are available at www.microgenerationcertification.org.

#### 9 Double glazed windows

Double glazing is the term given to a system where two panes of glass are made up into a sealed unit. Replacing existing single-glazed windows with double-glazed windows will improve comfort in the home by reducing draughts and cold spots near windows. Double-glazed windows may also reduce noise, improve security and combat problems with condensation. Building regulations apply to this work and planning permission may also be required, so it is best to check with your local authority on what standards need to be met. A building warrant is not required if the windows comply with the current requirements.

#### 10 Solar photovoltaic (PV) panels

A solar PV system is one which converts light directly into electricity via panels placed on the roof with no waste and no emissions. This electricity is used throughout the home in the same way as the electricity purchased from an energy supplier. Planning permission might be required, building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check with your local authority. The assessment does not include the effect of any Feed-in Tariff which could appreciably increase the savings that are shown on this EPC for solar photovoltaic panels, provided that both the product and the installer are certified by the Microgeneration Certification Scheme (or equivalent). Details of local MCS installers are available at www.microgenerationcertification.org.

#### Low and zero carbon energy sources

Low and zero carbon (LZC) energy sources are sources of energy that release either very little or no carbon dioxide into the atmosphere when they are used. Installing these sources may help reduce energy bills as well as cutting carbon.

LZC energy sources present: There are none provided for this home

#### Your home's heat demand

In this section, you can see how much energy you might need to heat your home and provide hot water. These are estimates showing how an average household uses energy. These estimates may not reflect your actual energy use, which could be higher or lower. You might spend more money on heating and hot water if your house is less energy efficient. The table below shows the potential benefit of having your loft and walls insulated. Visit https://energysavingtrust.org.uk/energy-at-home for more information.

Heat demand	Existing dwelling	Impact of loft insulation	Impact of cavity wall insulation	Impact of solid wall insulation
Space heating (kWh per year)	41,144	(2,806)	N/A	(4,053)
Water heating (kWh per year)	2,991			_

#### **Addendum**

This dwelling has stone walls and so requires further investigation to establish whether these walls are of cavity construction and to determine which type of wall insulation is best suited.

#### **About this document**

This Recommendations Report and the accompanying Energy Performance Certificate are valid for a maximum of ten years. These documents cease to be valid where superseded by a more recent assessment of the same building carried out by a member of an Approved Organisation.

The Energy Performance Certificate and this Recommendations Report for this building were produced following an energy assessment undertaken by an assessor accredited by Elmhurst (www.elmhurstenergy.co.uk), an Approved Organisation Appointed by Scottish Ministers. The certificate has been produced under the Energy Performance of Buildings (Scotland) Regulations 2008 from data lodged to the Scottish EPC register. You can verify the validity of this document by visiting www.scottishepcregister.org.uk and entering the report reference number (RRN) printed at the top of this page.

Assessor's name: Mr. Martin Paul Assessor membership number: EES/016944

Company name/trading name: Allied Surveyors Scotland Plc

Address: 22-24 Walker Street

Edinburgh EH3 7HR 01312266518

Phone number: 01312266518

Email address: edinburgh.central@alliedsurveyorsscotland.com

Related party disclosure: Employed by the professional dealing with the property transaction

If you have any concerns regarding the content of this report or the service provided by your assessor you should in the first instance raise these matters with your assessor and with the Approved Organisation to which they belong. All Approved Organisations are required to publish their complaints and disciplinary procedures and details can be found online at the web address given above.

#### Use of this energy performance information

Once lodged by your EPC assessor, this Energy Performance Certificate and Recommendations Report are available to view online at www.scottishepcregister.org.uk, with the facility to search for any single record by entering the property address. This gives everyone access to any current, valid EPC except where a property has a Green Deal Plan, in which case the report reference number (RRN) must first be provided. The energy performance data in these documents, together with other building information gathered during the assessment is held on the Scottish EPC Register and is available to authorised recipients, including organisations delivering energy efficiency and carbon reduction initiatives on behalf of the Scottish and UK governments. A range of data from all assessments undertaken in Scotland is also published periodically by the Scottish Government. Further information on these matters and on Energy Performance Certificates in general, can be found at www.gov.scot/epc.

### Advice and support to improve this property

There is support available, which could help you carry out some of the improvements recommended for this property on page 3 and stop wasting energy and money. For more information, visit greeners cotland.org or contact Home Energy Scotland on 0808 808 2282.

Home Energy Scotland's independent and expert advisors can offer free and impartial advice on all aspects of energy efficiency, renewable energy and more.

HOMEENERGYSCOTLAND.ORG
0808 808 2282
FUNDED BY THE SCOTTISH GOVERNMENT



# **Property Questionnaire**

Property Address	12 Dreghorn Loan
	Edinburgh
	EH13 0DE

Seller(s)	Ms Ann Davidson
	Mr Andrew Davidson

Completion date of property questionnaire	12/10/2023
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1	Length of ownership How long have you owned the property? 5 years			
2	Council tax Which Council Tax band is your property in? G			
3	Parking   What are the arrangements for parking at your property?   (Please tick all that apply)   Garage   □   Allocated parking space   Driveway ☑   Shared parking   On street ☑   Resident permit □   Metered parking □   Other (please specify)			
4	Conservation area Is your property in a designated Conservation Area (that is an area of special architectural or historical interest, the character or appearance of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance)? Yes			
5	<b>Listed buildings</b> Is your property a Listed Building, or contained within one (that is a building recognised and approved as being of special architectural or historical interest)? No			
<b>6</b> a.(i)	Alterations/additions/extensions  During your time in the property, have you carried out any structural alterations, additions or extensions (for example, provision of an extra bath/shower room, toilet, or bedroom)?  No  If you have answered yes, please describe below the changes which you have made:			
(ii)	Did you obtain planning permission, building warrant, completion certificate and other consents for this work?			
	If you have answered yes, the relevant documents will be needed by the purchaser and you should give them to your solicitor as soon as possible for checking.  If you do not have the documents yourself, please note below who has these documents			

b. Have you had replacement windows, doors, patio doors or double glazing installed in your property?

and your solicitor or estate agent will arrange to obtain them:

Yes

If you have answered yes, please answer the three questions below:

(i) Were the replacements the same shape and type as the ones you replaced?

Yes

(ii) Did this work involve any changes to the window or door openings?

No

(iii) Please describe the changes made to the windows doors, or patio doors (with approximate dates when the work was completed):

Bathroom dormer window installed over 20 years ago

Please give any guarantees which you received for this work to your solicitor or estate agent.

#### 7 Central heating

a. Is there a central heating system in your property?

(Note: a partial central heating system is one which does not heat all the main rooms of the property — the main living room, the bedroom(s), the hall and the bathroom).

Yes

If you have answered yes or partial — what kind of central heating is there?

(Examples: gas-fired, solid fuel, electric storage heating, gas warm air).

Gas fired

If you have answered yes, please answer the three questions below:

- (i) When was your central heating system or partial central heating system installed? 1983 circa
- (ii) Do you have a maintenance contract for the central heating system?

Yes

If you have answered yes, please give details of the company with which you have a maintenance contract:

British Gas

(iii) When was your maintenance agreement last renewed?

(Please provide the month and year).

05/2023

### 8 Energy Performance Certificate

Does your property have an Energy Performance Certificate which is less than 10 years old?

No

### 9 Issues that may have affected your property

a. Has there been any storm, flood, fire or other structural damage to your property while you have owned it?

No

If you have answered yes, is the damage the subject of any outstanding insurance claim?

b. Are you aware of the existence of asbestos in your property?

No

If you have answered yes, please give details:

#### 10 Services

Please tick which services are connected to your property and give details of the supplier:

	Services	Connected	Supplier
	Gas or liquid petroleum gas	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Ovo Energy
	Water mains or private water supply		Scottish Water
	Electricity		Ovo Energy
	Mains drainage		Scottish Water
	Telephone		
	Cable TV or satellite		
	Broadband		
b.	Is there a septic tank system at your p	roperty?	
(i)	Do you have appropriate consents for the discharge from your septic tank?		
(ii)	Do you have a maintenance contract for your septic tank?		
	If you have answered yes, please give details of the company with which you have a maintenance contract:		
<b>11</b> a.	Responsibilities for shared or common areas  Are you aware of any responsibility to contribute to the cost of anything used jointly, such as the repair of a shared drive, private road, boundary, or garden area?  No  If you have answered yes, please give details:		
b.	Is there a responsibility to contribute to repair and maintenance of the roof, common stairwell or other common areas?  Not applicable  If you have appropried yes, please give details:		
	If you have answered yes, please give details:		
c.	Has there been any major repair or replacement of any part of the roof during the time you have owned the property? Yes		
d.	Do you have the right to walk over any of your neighbours' property — for example to put out your rubbish bin or to maintain your boundaries?		
_	If you have answered yes, please give details:		
	Cupula stripped out and new glass and wood installed in 2019		
e.	As far as you are aware, do any of your neighbours have the right to walk over your property, for example to put out their rubbish bin or to maintain their boundaries?		
	If you have answered yes, please give	e details:	
f.	As far as you are aware, is there a public right of way across any part of your property? (public right of way is a way over which the public has a right to pass, whether or not the		

land is privately-owned.)

No

If you have answered yes, please give details:

### 12 Charges associated with your property

a. Is there a factor or property manager for your property?

b. Is there a common buildings insurance policy?

No

If you have answered yes, is the cost of the insurance included in your monthly/annual factor's charges?

c. Please give details of any other charges you have to pay on a regular basis for the upkeep of common areas or repair works, for example to a residents' association, or maintenance or stair fund.

N/A

#### 13 Specialist works

a. As far as you are aware, has treatment of dry rot, wet rot, damp or any other specialist work ever been carried out to your property?

No

If you have answered yes, please say what the repairs were for, whether you carried out the repairs (and when) or if they were done before you bought the property.

b. As far as you are aware, has any preventative work for dry rot, wet rot, or damp ever been carried out to your property?

No

If you have answered yes, please give details:

c. If you have answered yes to 13(a) or (b), do you have any guarantees relating to this work?

If you have answered yes, these guarantees will be needed by the purchaser and should be given to your solicitor as soon as possible for checking. If you do not have them yourself please write below who has these documents and your solicitor or estate agent will arrange for them to be obtained. You will also need to provide a description of the work carried out. This may be shown in the original estimate., these guarantees will be needed by the purchaser and should be given to your solicitor as soon as possible for checking. If you do not have them yourself and your solicitor or estate agent will arrange for them to be obtained. You will also need to provide a description of the work carried out. This may be shown in the original estimate.

Guarantees are held by:

#### 14 Guarantees

- a. Are there any guarantees or warranties for any of the following:
- (i) Electrical work

No

(ii) Roofing

No

(iii) Central heating

No

(iv) National House Building Council (NHBC)

No

(v) Damp course

No

(vi) Any other work or installations? (for example, cavity wall insulation, underpinning, indemnity policy)

No

- b. <u>If you have answered 'yes'</u> or 'with title deeds', please give details of the work or installations to which the guarantee(s) relate(s):
- (i) Electrical work
- (ii) Roofing
- (iii) Central heating
- (iv) National House Building Council (NHBC)
- (v) Damp course
- (vi) Any other work or installations? (for example, cavity wall insulation, underpinning, indemnity policy)
- c. Are there any outstanding claims under any of the guarantees listed above?

If you have answered yes, please give details:

#### 15 Boundaries

So far as your are aware, has any boundary of your property been moved in the last 10 years?

No

C.

If you have answered yes, please give details:

#### 16 Notices that affect your property

In the past three years have you ever received a notice:

- a. advising that the owner of a neighbouring property has made a planning application? Yes
- b. that affects your property in some other way?

that requires you to do any maintenance, repairs or improvements to your property?

If you have answered yes to any of a–c above, please give the notices to your solicitor or estate agent, including any notices which arrive at any time before the date of entry of the purchaser of your property.